

# Iron 4

**Range(s): 0-4.00 ppm Fe**

## Procedure

Note: When testing multiple samples simultaneously, a separate sample cell with an unreacted sample of the water tested must be used to zero the colorimeter. Please note that varying the test procedure from the original can affect the precision of the test.

Note: To obtain total iron, a sample digestion must first be performed. Refer to Part 2 of the User's Manual for procedure.

1. Turn on the Colorimeter.
2. Select a test menu (ALL TESTS, RECENT TESTS, or FAVORITES) containing Iron 4 using ◀▶.

3. Select Iron 4 using ▲▼; then press ENTER ⊙.
4. Rinse and fill 25 mm sample cell to 10 mL mark with sample; then cap.
5. Insert sample cell into sample cell compartment. Align marks per User's Manual.
6. Select ZERO using ◀▶; then press ENTER ⊙. Zero will be displayed.
7. Remove sample cell from sample cell compartment; then remove cap.
8. Add 0.5 mL Iron 4 - Reagent A; then swirl to mix.

9. Add 1 mL Iron 4 - Reagent B; then cap and swirl to mix thoroughly.
10. Insert sample cell into sample cell compartment. Align marks.
11. Select TIMER using ◀▶; then press ENTER ⊙.
12. Select START using ◀▶; then press ENTER ⊙. (A 2-minute [02:00] countdown will begin.) Immediately select AUTO using ◀▶; then press ENTER ⊙.
13. When the timer beeps, the instrument will read the sample and the result will be displayed.

## Interferences

Alkalinity, Total ( $\text{CaCO}_3$ ) > 200 ppm – negative interference  
ATMP, all levels – negative interference

Copper > 1.0 ppm – negative interference

EDTA, all levels – negative interference

Phosphonate (HEDP) > 20 ppm – negative interference (all levels interfere when iron is < 1 ppm)

Polyphosphate (HEDP) > 5 ppm – negative interference

The following analytes were tested to the levels listed and found not to cause any interference up to the specified values:

Aluminum – 80 ppm

Azole (BT) – 50 ppm

Azole (TT) – 20 ppm

Biguanide – 50 ppm

Bromine – 10 ppm

Chloride – 1000 ppm

Chlorine – 10 ppm

Cyanuric Acid – 200 ppm

Ethylene Glycol – 60%

Fluoride – 20 ppm

Hardness, Calcium ( $\text{CaCO}_3$ ) – 1000 ppm

Magnesium – 500 ppm

Molybdate – 10 ppm

Nitrate – 2000 ppm

Nitrite – 2000 ppm

NTA – 20 ppm as  $\text{CaCO}_3$

Phosphate – 50 ppm

Phosphonate (PBTC) – 20 ppm

Polymer – 1000 ppm

Polyphosphate – 5 ppm

Polyquat – 30 ppm

Propylene Glycol – 50%

Quat – 100 ppm

Silica – 150 ppm

Sulfate – 1000 ppm

Sulfite – 100 ppm

Zinc – 5 ppm

## ***Instruction #5448***

### **Test Method**

TPTZ (tripyridyl-s-triazine)

Ferric iron in a sample is reduced to ferrous iron. The ferrous iron then reacts with TPTZ to form a deep blue-purple complex that is proportional to the concentration of ferrous iron in a sample.

### **Estimated Detection Limit**

0.10 ppm Fe

### **Precision**

Using two lots of reagent and a standard solution of 2.00 ppm Fe, an individual analyst obtained a standard deviation with the instrument of  $\pm 0.02$  ppm Fe.

### **Application**

Industrial Water and Recreational Water

### **Ordering Info**

#### **Reagent Pack**

K-8009    Iron 4

Formulated for exclusive use with Taylor's TTi® Colorimeter.

#### **Reagent Pack Components**

R-8009A    Iron 4 - Reagent A

R-8009B    Iron 4 - Reagent B

