


SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier	
Product name	Hardness Total 4 - Reagent B
Product number	R-8022B
Recommended use and restrictions	To be used in accordance with manufacturer instructions or under the direct guidance of the manufacturer.
Manufacturer	Taylor Technologies, Inc. 31 Loveton Circle Sparks, MD 21152 Phone: (410) 472-4340 Emergency phone: (800) 837-8548

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Health hazards	Eye damage/irritation	Category 1
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1B
Environmental hazards	No data available	
Label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	Keep only in original container. Do not breathe dusts or mists. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection if contact is likely to occur.	
Response	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (OR HAIR): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a physician or poison control center. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a physician or poison control center.	
Storage	Store in corrosive-resistant container with a corrosive-resistant inner liner. Keep tightly capped. Store out of direct sunlight between 36°F–85°F. Store locked up.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Hazards not otherwise classified	No data available	

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture			
Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Water	Dihydrogen oxide	7732-18-5	70–80
Triethanolamine	Tris(2-hydroxyethyl)amine	102-71-6	10–20
Sodium hydroxide	Caustic soda	1310-73-2	5–15

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

If inhaled

Remove individual to fresh air. Seek medical attention if breathing becomes difficult or if respiratory irritation develops. Give oxygen or artificial respiration if needed.

In case of skin contact

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. If clothing comes in contact with the product, the clothing should be removed and laundered before reuse. Seek medical attention if irritation develops. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

In case of eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

If swallowed

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed by physician. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content does not get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to section 2 and/or section 11 of the SDS for the most important known symptoms and effects.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep person under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Ensure medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard Not flammable

Explosion hazard Not explosive

Reactivity May be corrosive to metals

Hazardous combustion products Ammonia, carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, and sodium oxides

Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire; hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting equipment/instructions Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection during firefighting Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Other information Refer to section 9 of the SDS for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during cleanup. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, watercourses, or onto the ground.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dike the spilled material where this is possible. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth, and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements, or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Never return spills to original containers for reuse. Dilute base with water and neutralize with dilute acid. If not recoverable, dilute with water or flush to holding area and neutralize. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Reference to other sections

For exposure controls and personal protection, refer to section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, refer to section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure.

Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. For personal protective equipment, refer to section 8 of the SDS. Keep away from incompatibles. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Label containers appropriately.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in corrosive-resistant container with a corrosive-resistant inner liner. Keep tightly capped. Store out of direct sunlight between 36°F–85°F. Store locked up. Store away from incompatible materials (refer to section 10 of the SDS).

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m ³	Not applicable

NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	Ceiling	2 mg/m ³	Not applicable
Triethanolamine	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Not applicable

OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)	PEL	2 mg/m ³	Not applicable

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s)

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eyewash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear appropriate chemical safety goggles if contact is likely to occur.
Skin protection Wear appropriate chemical-resistant gloves and clothing if contact is likely to occur.
Body protection Wear appropriate protective clothing.
Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fumes at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Advice should be sought from respiratory protection suppliers.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Form	Liquid
Color	Clear, colorless to pink
Odor	Pungent
Odor threshold	No data available
pH	13.4
Evaporation rate	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point	No data available
Flash point	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Vapor pressure	No data available
Relative vapor density	No data available

Solubility	Soluble in all proportions
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	May be corrosive to metals
Chemical stability	Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (refer to section 7 of the SDS)
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation.
Incompatible materials	Metal compounds, nitromethane, oxidizing agents, strong acids, sugars, and vinyl acetate

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation	May cause irritation to the respiratory system
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage
Ingestion	Causes digestive tract burns

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Direct skin contact may cause corrosive skin burns, deep ulcerations, and possibly permanent scarring.

Direct contact with concentrated solutions may be corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage, including blindness. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Inhalation of mists can cause severe respiratory irritation. Symptoms may include coughing, choking, and wheezing. Inhalation could result in pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation). Symptoms of pulmonary edema (chest pain, shortness of breath) may be delayed.

Ingestion may produce burns to the lips, oral cavity, upper airway, esophagus, and possibly the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, vomiting, burns, perforations, bleeding.

This product is not classified as an acute toxicity hazard. See below for individual ingredient acute toxicity data.

Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Test Results
Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)		
Acute		
<i>Oral</i>		
LD ₅₀	Rat	140–340 mg/kg
Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)		
Acute		
<i>Oral</i>		
LD ₅₀	Mouse	5846 mg/kg
LD ₅₀	Rabbit	2200 mg/kg

Respiratory or skin sensitization	No data available
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available
Carcinogenicity	No data available
Reproductive toxicity	No data available
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	No data available
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	No data available
Aspiration hazard	No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous; however, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Collect and reclaim or dispose of in sealed containers at a licensed waste disposal site. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1824
UN proper shipping name	Sodium hydroxide solution
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	Not listed
Label(s)	8
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	A6, T14, TP2, TP27
Packaging exceptions	Not listed
Packaging, non-bulk	201
Packaging, bulk	243

IATA

UN number	UN1824
UN proper shipping name	Sodium hydroxide solution
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	Not listed
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	Not listed
ERG code	8L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed

IMDG

UN number	UN1824
UN proper shipping name	Sodium hydroxide solution
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	Not listed
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Not listed
EmS	F-A, S-B
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk

DOT



IATA; IMDG



SECTION 15: Regulatory information

U.S. federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4)

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

U.S. state regulations

Massachusetts Right-to-Know Act

Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Triethanolamine (CAS 102-71-6)

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

Rhode Island Right-to-Know Act

Sodium hydroxide (CAS 1310-73-2)

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Rating

Health hazard	3
Fire hazard	0
Reactivity	1
Specific	N/A

Disclaimer

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